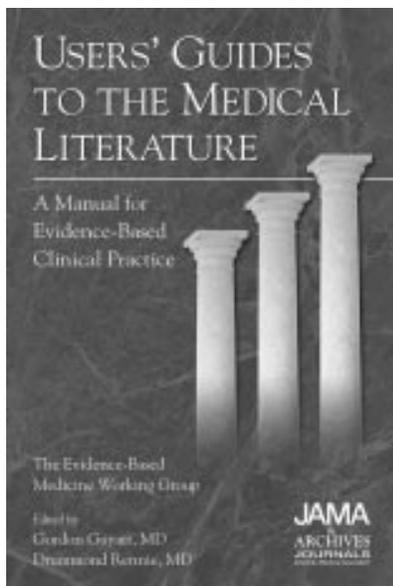
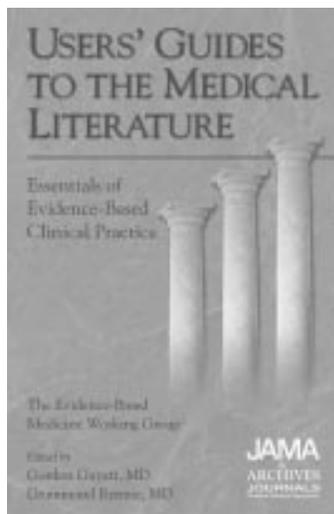


Resource corner

Guyatt G, Rennie D, editors and The Evidence-Based Medicine Working Group. *Users' guides to the medical literature. A manual for evidence-based clinical practice.* Chicago: AMA Press, 2002



Guyatt G, Rennie D, editors and The Evidence-Based Medicine Working Group. *Users' guides to the medical literature. Essentials of evidence-based clinical practice.* Chicago: AMA Press, 2002



Ratings

MANUAL

Methods/Quality of information:

★★★★★

Clinical usefulness: ★★★★★☆

ESSENTIALS

Methods/Quality of information:

★★★★★

Clinical usefulness: ★★★★★★

The *JAMA* series on how to use the medical literature has been expanded and put into book and CD-ROM format. The Evidence-Based Medicine Working Group along with editors Gordon Guyatt and Drummond Rennie have provided practitioners with a valuable resource for evaluating evidence relevant to their practice. The authors of this “how to” book have made certain that it includes challenges to all levels of users of evidence, from beginners to experts. The material is presented in 3 formats: a 700 page manual for evidence-based practice (EBP) (Manual) that is thorough and comprehensive; a 440 page pocket version of the essentials of EBP (Essentials) that provides an indepth discussion of the basics; and a hyper-linked CD-ROM that contains the contents of the Manual and is included with both hardcopy versions. The Essentials book is small enough to keep in a large pocket, although the print is small and may be difficult for really tired eyes to read. The Manual is readable and not too cumbersome in size. Both hard copy versions have quick reference cards. My favourite format was the CD-ROM. The print size is changeable to match the reader's preference and manoeuvring within the text is a breeze. For example, when the reader is referred to a section that is relevant to the current one being read, one click and the reader is sent to that section. The CD-ROM version includes features such as highlighted keywords that can be clicked on to review a definition or concept. In addition, the colour format is attractive and easy on the eye when reading for long periods of time. The remainder of the review focuses on the Manual version of the book.

Guyatt and Rennie provide a thorough discussion of EBP content. Part I covers the basics, providing information to prepare users of evidence to form and readily answer clinical questions and to interpret the evidence relevant to making a clinical decision. Part II goes beyond the scope of average users and provides expanded information on each section in Part I. Part II is directed at teachers of EBP and advanced users of evidence. Most of the book is devoted to interpretation of scientific evidence, such as that generated from randomised controlled trials. However, other types of evidence, such as qualitative, are also discussed.

In Part I, the authors are clear in defining EBP. Lengthy discussions address how to evaluate the strongest scientific evidence and then use it, along with clinical expertise and patient values, to make a clinical decision. As with other EBP texts, the authors discuss the basics, including forming the right question, finding the evidence, and evaluating evidence related to therapy, differential diagnosis, diagnostic tests, prognostics, and harm. Clinical examples are used to take the reader through application of the principles just introduced and discussed. A well described clinical scenario is provided at the beginning of the section. Throughout each section, coloured boxes called “Using the Guide” provide explanations of the principles as they relate to the scenario. The clinical scenarios, used to illustrate points and apply principles, were one of the features of the book that I particularly liked. These scenarios helped to make the content more meaningful and clear for me. Alternatively, I sometimes got bogged down in the non-scenario related explanations that were provided in the text.

Another nice feature in Part I is the section on online resources. The text contains a summary table and indepth descriptions of several online sources of evidence. Links are provided on the CD-ROM as well. In each scenario, the authors explain how to answer the posed question by finding the evidence in some of these databases. The accompanying explanations helped to clarify the appropriateness of the chosen database for that particular question.

The 2 hardcopy versions diverge in Part II. In the short version, the Essentials, Part II covers only portions of 2 sections in Part II of the Manual. All sections are covered in full in the CD-ROM. In Part II of the Manual, the authors discuss more advanced issues relevant to EBP, including N of 1 randomised controlled trials, publication bias, measuring agreement beyond chance, intention to treat analysis, and confidence intervals. Some sections of Part II are intense reading and may be intimidating to beginning users of evidence; however, advanced users will relish the completeness of the authors' chosen topics and discussion.

From the perspective of an advanced practice nurse, the one drawback to the book was the physician oriented focus and absence of nurse contributors. Nevertheless, the usefulness of the information to advanced nursing practice is unquestionable. The authors use a thorough approach to explaining EBP and provide tools for use by all practitioners who wish to promote best practice. I liked the 2 mediums of written text and CD-ROM and found myself moving back and forth between these formats. I have read other books on EBP, but this text intrigued me with the use of indepth clinical examples for the application of the principles discussed. I would recommend this text for graduate level courses in advanced nursing practice and for all practitioners who are determined to provide the best care they can for their patients.

ELLEN FINEOUT-OVERHOLT, RN, PhD
Center for Research and Evidence-Based Practice
School of Nursing, University of Rochester
Rochester, New York, USA